youths in the North-Eastern States of India in the recent past, against the ncn-tribals;

(b) whether it is a fact that the Chief Ministeis of some of the Norh-Eastern Slates have been expressing ther concern about the growfh of resentment among the tribals against the non-tribal residents in these States, in general, and in th* resumption of secessionist attitude by the agitating youth forces of the States, in particular;

(c) whether Government have drawn any comprehensive plans to tackl$_e$ tlie situation; and

(J) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. M. SAYEED): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d) Many Chief Ministers have expressed concern about the rising extremist and secessionist tendencies amongst the youth. There is a rise in the agitational activities of many parochial groups against the non-tribals. While protesting against the issue of photo identity cards in Meghalaya, the Khas! Students Union had targetted the non-tribai residents of Shillong during April-lune 1994 and indulged in violent activities. Some non-tribals were reported to have been assaulted and some of their business establishments and houses damaged. Additional xinits of the Central Para-Military Forces were rushed in and the State Govt, advised to deal firmly with the situation. Some of the miscreants wer$_e$ arrested. The Union Home Minister and the Minister of State (Internal Security) visited Shillong separately to take stock of th$_e$ situation and reviewed the law and order arrangements. An improvement in the situation i$_s$ reported. Some reports alleging harassment of non-tribal residents were received from Mizoram in 1993. The State Govt, was advised to take strict action to protect the life and property of non-tribals. There have been no fujtaw reports ol ttiin kind io ttw recent past. There are no such reports from the other North Eastern States. A Committee of Central Ministers has also been appointed to consider the problems of tribal communities m the North East.

पुलिस की हिरासत में मरने वाले व्यक्तियों के संबंधियों को मुआवजा

2147. **श्री कनक सिंह मोहनसिंह रामरोखा :**
चौधरी हरमोहन सिंह :

क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या उच्चतम न्यायालय ने पुलिस/सरकारी हिरासत में मरने वाले व्यक्तियों के संबंधियों को दिए जाने वाले मुआवजे की धनराशि निर्धारित कर दी है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ; और

(ग) इस निर्णय को लागू करने के लिए क्या कार्रवाई की गई है ?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी०एम० सईद) : (क) से (ग) उच्चतम न्यायालय और उच्च न्यायालयों ने संविधान के अनुच्छेद 32 और 226 के अधीन उन रिट याचिकाओं में वित्तीय मुआवजा प्रदान किया है जिनमें पुलिस और अन्य कानून प्रवर्तन एजेंसियों द्वारा किसी व्यक्ति के जीवित रहने और उसकी वैयक्तिक स्वतन्त्रता के मूल अधिकारों का हनन किया गया हो।

न्यायालयों द्वारा दी गई मुआवजे की राशि एक समान नहीं है तथा यह प्रत्येक मामले के गुणदोष के आधार पर अलग-अलग रही है हिरासत के दौरान हुई मौतों के लिए उच्चतम न्यायालय ने मुआवजे के भुगतान के कोई मानदण्ड निर्धारित नहीं किए हैं।

Tabling of Report

2148. SHRI K. R. MALKANI: WiH the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS! bo pleased to refer to the answer to the Unstayed Qrertfcm 211 given In tb*